

U.S.C. 7401 et seq.), which may include prohibiting additional mandatory conservation practices, beyond the practices authorized under the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-334; 132 Stat. 4490) or under amendments made by that Act, or prohibiting requirements for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions from the agricultural sector in the United States, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

SA 3159. Mr. CRAMER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST NEW HEALTH CARE ENTITLEMENT AUTHORITY.

(a) **POINT OF ORDER.**—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, amendment between the Houses, or conference report that would create new mandatory spending programs or entitlement authority under budget function 550 or budget function 570.

(b) **WAIVER AND APPEAL.**—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 3160. Mr. CRAMER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO HIGH-SKILLED IMMIGRANT VISAS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go ledger, for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to high-skilled immigrant visas, which may include eliminating the per country cap allowed under current law, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

SA 3161. Mr. CRAMER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional

budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO THE SHUTTERED VENUE OPERATORS GRANT PROGRAM.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go ledger, for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to the eligibility of the shuttered venue operators grant program established under section 324 of the Economic Aid to Hard-Hit Small Businesses, Nonprofits, and Venues Act (title III of division N of Public Law 116-260), which may include stipulating that entities with COVID-19 vaccine mandates in place or entities that require proof of the COVID-19 vaccine are ineligible for that program, and that current and former grant recipients with such requirements in place shall either rescind such mandates or return the entirety of their grant funding, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

SA 3162. Mr. CRAMER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO SAFEGUARDING THE SOLVENCY OF THE MEDICARE HOSPITAL INSURANCE TRUST FUND.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go ledger, for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to safeguarding the solvency of the Medicare Hospital Insurance Trust Fund by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

SA 3163. Mr. CRAMER (for himself and Mr. BENNET) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO THE PROVIDER RELIEF FUND.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go ledger, for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to the Provider Relief Fund, which may include extending the deadline for eligible health care providers to use certain amounts received from such Fund, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

SA 3164. Mr. CRAMER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO FEDERAL ELECTION ADMINISTRATION FUNDING FOR STATES AND LOCAL JURISDICTIONS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go ledger, for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to Federal funding to States and jurisdictions for the administration of elections, which may include requiring all States or local jurisdictions which require vaccine passports or other such documentation to also require voter identification at the voting polls by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

SA 3165. Mr. CRAMER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST ALLOWING THE NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD TO IMPOSE CIVIL FINES ON EMPLOYERS.

(a) **POINT OF ORDER.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—In the Senate, it shall not be in order to consider a provision in a bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, amendment between the Houses, or conference report that allows the National Labor Relations Board to impose civil fines on employers.

(2) **POINT OF ORDER SUSTAINED.**—If a point of order is made by a Senator against a provision described in paragraph (1), and the

point of order is sustained by the Chair, that provision shall be stricken from the measure and may not be offered as an amendment from the floor.

(b) **FORM OF THE POINT OF ORDER.**—A point of order under subsection (a)(1) may be raised by a Senator as provided in section 313(e) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 644(e)).

(c) **CONFERENCE REPORTS.**—When the Senate is considering a conference report on, or an amendment between the Houses in relation to, a bill or joint resolution, upon a point of order being made by any Senator pursuant to subsection (a)(1), and such point of order being sustained, such material contained in such conference report or House amendment shall be stricken, and the Senate shall proceed to consider the question of whether the Senate shall recede from its amendment and concur with a further amendment, or concur in the House amendment with a further amendment, as the case may be, which further amendment shall consist of only that portion of the conference report or House amendment, as the case may be, not so stricken. Any such motion in the Senate shall be debatable. In any case in which such point of order is sustained against a conference report (or Senate amendment derived from such conference report by operation of this subsection), no further amendment shall be in order.

(d) **SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.**—In the Senate, this section may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SA 3166. Mr. CRAMER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 48, line 7, strike “September 15, 2021” and insert “September 30, 2022”.

On page 51, line 17, strike “September 15, 2021” and insert “September 30, 2022”.

SA 3167. Mr. CRAMER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 48, strike line 6 and all that follows through page 51, line 20, and insert the following:

(m) **SUBMISSIONS.**—In the Senate, not later than September 30, 2022, the Committees named in the subsections of this section shall submit their recommendations to the Committee on the Budget of the Senate. Upon receiving all such recommendations, the Committee on the Budget of the Senate shall report to the Senate a reconciliation bill carrying out all such recommendations without any substantive revision.

SEC. 2002. RECONCILIATION IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(a) **COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE.**—The Committee on Agriculture of the House of Rep-

resentatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$89,100,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(b) **COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION AND LABOR.**—The Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$779,500,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(c) **COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND COMMERCE.**—The Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$486,500,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(d) **COMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL SERVICES.**—The Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$339,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(e) **COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY.**—The Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$500,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(f) **COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY.**—The Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$107,500,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(g) **COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES.**—The Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$25,600,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(h) **COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND REFORM.**—The Committee on Oversight and Reform of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$7,500,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(i) **COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE, SPACE, AND TECHNOLOGY.**—The Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$45,510,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(j) **COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS.**—The Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$17,500,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(k) **COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE.**—The Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$60,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(l) **COMMITTEE ON VETERANS' AFFAIRS.**—The Committee on Veterans' Affairs of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$18,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(m) **COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS.**—The Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that reduce the deficit by not less than \$1,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(n) **SUBMISSIONS.**—In the House of Representatives, not later than September 30, 2022, the committees named in the subsections of this section shall submit their

recommendations to the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives to carry out this section.

SA 3168. Mr. CRAMER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 48, line 7, strike “September 15” and insert “December 15”.

On page 51, line 17, strike “September 15” and insert “December 15”.

SA 3169. Mr. CRAMER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 48, strike line 6 and all that follows through page 51, line 20, and insert the following:

(m) **SUBMISSIONS.**—In the Senate, not later than December 15, 2021, the Committees named in the subsections of this section shall submit their recommendations to the Committee on the Budget of the Senate. Upon receiving all such recommendations, the Committee on the Budget of the Senate shall report to the Senate a reconciliation bill carrying out all such recommendations without any substantive revision.

SEC. 2002. RECONCILIATION IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(a) **COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE.**—The Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$89,100,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(b) **COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION AND LABOR.**—The Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$779,500,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(c) **COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND COMMERCE.**—The Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$486,500,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(d) **COMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL SERVICES.**—The Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$339,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(e) **COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY.**—The Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$500,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(f) **COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY.**—The Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than \$107,500,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(g) **COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES.**—The Committee on Natural Resources of the